Unit 1 Glossary

Unit 1 Glossary: Literary Elements
A comparison between two unlike things that continues throughout a series of
sentences in a paragraph or lines in a poem.
A representation of the speech patterns of a particular region or social group.
The main idea or the basic meaning of a literary work.
Language that is not intended to be interpreted in a literal sense.
Language that appeals to the 5 senses
The outcome is opposite of what the reader expects
Author takes the reader back in time to events that happened at an earlier date
use of hints or clues to suggest what will happen later in literature.
the time, place in which a situation occurs
feeling created for the READER by the setting, images, and actions of
characters
is the attitude a writer takes towards a subject or character: serious, humorous,
etc.
The conversation between characters in a work of literature.
a person, animal, or even a machine in a story. Protagonist is the main character
and Antagonist is the person working against the main character.
method used by a writer to develop a character. The method includes showing
character's appearance, actions, thoughts, dialogue, and getting the reactions
of others. Can be direct (told by author) or indirect (inferred by actions or
words of others)
the events that make up the story. Includes exposition, conflict, rising action,
climax, falling action, and resolution.
the struggle or problem; may be internal (man vs. self) or external (man vs. nature,
man, fate, society)
When a person, place, event, or object has meaning in itself but suggests other
meaning as well
the vantage point or voice from which a story is told (First Person - the narrator
is involved in the action and speaks as " ", Third person - the narrator is outside
the story and uses "he,she")

	Unit 1 Glossary: Academic Vocabulary
	How the author uses words, phrases, and sentences to form his/her
	ideas. What distinguishes one author's work from another.
,	to quote (a passage, book, author, etc.), especially as an authority
	that which tends to prove or disprove something; ground for belief; proof.
	a note that is made while reading any form of text. This may be as simple
	as underlining or highlighting passages.
	Determine similarities between two objects
	Determine differences between two objects
	The set of circumstances surrounding an event or situation
	Other words or phrases built around a word to help with the
- And the second	understanding of a new word.
	Struggle